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The Ada Evening News

ADA, OKLAHOMA, WEDNESDAY, JUNE 18, 1919



TWO CENTS THE COPY

Sportsmen Elated Over Defeat of Anti-fight Bill in Ohio Legislature

GERMANY'S REPLY TO THE ALLIES

Marshal Foch Assembles Troops Preparatory to a Resumption of War

MAKES NUMEROUS PROVISIONS WHICH SHE DEEMS ESSENTIAL BEFORE SIGNING PEACE TREATY.

By the Associated Press
PARIS, June 18.—Here is a summary of the German reply to the peace treaty proposed by the Varsailles conference:

Germany accepts responsibility only for civilian losses in the Belgian and French areas occupied by her in the war. She agrees to pay not more than \$25,000,000,000 provided her other counter proposals are accepted. Characterizing the allied plan for a reparations commission as infringing on German sovereignty, she proposes a "co-operative German commission" to work alongside the allied body.

Occupation.
She demands, in words of bitter protest that all allied troops be withdrawn within six months of the signing of peace.

Negotiations.
She insists she has a right to oral discussion of the practical application of the principles upon the acceptance of which by her and her enemies she laid down her arms.

Saar.

Purely German territory. She claims important industrial districts beyond the coal mines is demanded from her, but "even the cession of the mining district could not be admitted." She is willing to guarantee a supply of coal, "but the total coal computed to exist in the Saar mines would represent a hundred times the maximum France demands. Except for sixty-eight years under French rule, the population has been attached to Germany for over a thousand years. Reconsideration of the whole question is demanded.

Schleswig.

She charges the demarcation for a plebiscite has been traced through purely German territory and goes further than Denmark herself wishes to go.

Upper Silesia.

Cession "cannot be demanded at"

(Continued on Page 8.)

Australia's Scheme to Aid Soldiers Best

SYDNEY, June 18.—Australia is prepared to settle 20,000 soldiers on the land. And she is prepared to give each advanced ranging up to \$5,700 for purchase of stock and machinery. That's how well Australia thinks of her returning fighting men.

Her scheme to aid the soldiers is declared the best and most comprehensive yet evolved. British authorities agree in this.

The provision of land under this scheme, the construction of railways and roads to open it up and the advances for stock and machinery to be given to the soldiers.

Besides this land program—The government will expend \$100,000,000 for public works, on which soldier labor will be given preference.

It makes an allowance to maintain each soldier and his family, if he has one, till he gets work.

It gives to each blind soldier a home, title clear.

It advances any soldier up to \$3,500 for a house, with no advance payment, a program that calls for \$250,000,000 of government funds.

It will ask only 5 per cent interest of soldiers on deferred payments, though the cost to the government will be 6 per cent.

The government will buy and divide large estates and buy building material to sell to soldiers at cost.

It will give soldiers 20 to 37 years to make deferred payments.

To prevent speculation in these soldier investments, no transfer is permitted for five years without consent of the government commissioner.

All benefits thus offered to soldiers are open to widows of soldiers, to widowed mothers and to nurses who went overseas.

MORE MEN WANTED TO JOIN BALL TEAM

The ball team had a snappy practice Tuesday afternoon. A good crowd turned out but we are anxious that more come out. We want everyone who can spare the time to meet with us Thursday afternoon. We are now using the Normal field for practice and six o'clock is the time.

The team now has more than \$200 in the treasury and this is to be used in securing uniforms, and other equipment. The grounds are being put into first class shape and we hope to be practicing on it soon.

Several new huskies turned out for practice yesterday afternoon. Judging from the class of ball displayed by them yesterday, we are likely to have some new members added to our team.

Until further announcement we will practice on the Normal field. The grounds are being cleared of weeds and will be in good shape when we meet again.—Reporter.

PRESIDENT'S PARTY TO HAVE GUIDES IN BELGIUM

By the Associated Press
PARIS, June 17.—Miss Margaret Wilson, daughter of the president; B. M. Baruch, and General W. W. Harts were members of the president's party which left tonight for Belgium. They will be conducted through the devastated regions by two Belgian officers who have been detailed for the purpose.

Whatever we do will be terrible. Germany is in no position to refuse to sign the treaty when the signature is forced by a ultimatum. Let us resign ourselves to the inevitable and hope for a better future.

It will pay you to watch the Want Ad columns of the News.

THE GERMANS ARE SILENT ON PEACE

IT IS BELIEVED BY ASSOCIATED PRESS REPRESENTATIVES THAT THE GERMANS WILL NOT SIGN.

By the Associated Press
WEIMAR, June 18.—No statement has yet been issued by the German cabinet on the reply of the Allies to the German counter proposals. The Associated Press has learned, however, that the sentiment of the cabinet is almost unanimously against signing the treaty.

It seems that the main objection of the Germans to signing the treaty is the fear of Bolshevism and chaos in their own country as a result of such action. The German people are against the treaty and the leaders fear their wrath if the treaty is signed.

Ham-Ramsey Arrangements Almost Complete

A Ham-Ramsey Revival organization was perfected at a meeting last evening at the First Christian church. Dr. J. M. Gordon was elected to act as chairman of the organization. Mr. C. E. Cunningham was chosen secretary and Mr. L. A. Ellison, treasurer. Rev. G. W. Beck as chairman of the pastors' association was added to the executive committee and made its vice chairman.

It was also agreed to organize fourteen committees with special duties relating to the co-operative revival. Among these committees are to be committees on music, ushers, delegations, decorations, personal workers, prayer meetings, census of city, entertainment, publicity, nursery, finance, tabernacle, etc. Under these and other heads the advance work of the campaign will be whirled into shape this week and next. There is to be no advance man for this campaign since Mr. Bumgartner is at the bed side of a very sick wife. Much of the advance responsibility is being saddled on to the chairman of the ministerial association, Rev. G. W. Beck, and he is handling it in a workman-like manner.

Already the big shed is cleared of rubbish and cleaned. Already a contractor is at work on a choir platform to seat three hundred singers.

It is now being seated for five thousand people and is declared to be cool and pleasant even at mid-day.

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AUSTRIA'S RESPONSE TO TREATY BEING READ

By the Associated Press

PARIS, June 18.—The Austrian observations responding to the fragmentary treaty first communicated to the Austrian delegation, were today undergoing translation for submission to the council of four. They make a document so formidable in size that they cause wonder regarding the length of the answer that would have been delivered had the Austrians been in possession of the complete treaty.

The Austrian reply will be made public only in connection with allies' rejoinder. It is possible that the latter may not be sent until the Austrians have had an opportunity to reply to the missing sections of the treaty, no date for the presentation of which has as yet been set.

Viscount Northcliffe UNDERWENT OPERATION

By the Associated Press

PARIS, June 18.—Viscount Northcliffe, wealthy newspaper owner, statesman and former head of the British mission to the United States, underwent an operation yesterday. The attending physicians say that his condition is satisfactory.

CAN'T PASS ON TREATY YET, SAYS GERMAN CABINET HEAD

By the Associated Press

WEIMAR, June 18.—Phillip Schleidemann, head of the German cabinet, speaking to the national assembly today, declared that the allied reply to the German counter-proposals, without complete text, did not yet permit of final judgment and that premature judgment would be a mistake.

French Hope Huns Refuse To Sign So Essen May Be Given Rheims Treatment

By the Associated Press
PARIS, June 17.—A sharp division of opinion was found today in the comment on the redrafted treaty by Parisian newspapers:

"Small delays show the big four incapable of settling even insignificant details on a basis of pure right," declared the Matin. "We hope the Germans will not sign. It will enable us to do to Essen what the boches did to Rheims."

"The reply does not weaken France's fundamental demands," said the Petit Journal.

The Journal said: "The language of the reply is strong, but the terms contain real concessions."

The Echo de Paris: "Clementeau's letter covering the treaty is the strongest indictment of Germany. It contrasts strikingly with the weakness shown by the negotiations by the big four."

"Real concessions have been made," states the Figaro, "but Germany does not escape the network of guarantees and reparations."

The box seats running lengthwise are the car tool boxes, and in them are carried all jacks and other tools necessary for trouble purposes. A metal towing pole, equipped with shock absorbers and so arranged that it folds back into the car, is attached to the rear.

The most modern feature is an air storage tank and hose which enables Mr. Thomas to inflate tires out on the road, obviating the necessity of towing cars in flat and ruined tubes. Provision is also made for the carrying of gasoline, oil and water adequate for all emergencies, all of which is nicely concealed, giving the car a neat appearance and leaving the bed free for passengers or luggage.

Verily, the Ada garage men are getting on to all the latest "ins" and "outs" of the business.

FRENCH SAILORS ATTEMPT JAIL DELIVERY AT BREST

BREST, June 18.—Two hundred French sailors, carrying red flags, attempted to enter the naval jail here yesterday to rescue imprisoned sailors. The attempt failed. No

casualties.

Prof. C. W. Richards, superintendent of the schools of Ardmore, was the speaker at the Normal this morning. His was the first of a series of educational lectures to be given during the summer term.

The lecture of Mr. Richards today was one that made a profound impression on the faculty and students. He announced that in the limited time at his disposal he must combine the subject matter of four addresses into this one. Mr. Richards started off by asking where the country is regarding education and proceeded to answer the question.

He did it in a most able and interesting manner. Among other things he stated that there were 600,000 teachers in the United States; that of this number 20 per cent had only an eighth grade education, and that one-third of the total number were only 18 years of age. He stated further that one of the things most needed in the schools today was a diagnostician or an expert in psychology, and that his town of Ardmore had employed such a man for next year, the man being Henry D. Rinsland, a graduate of East Central.

He further discussed the state text book commission now in session in this state and said what this commission did this week more than anything else would affect the educational interests of this state during the next five years.

Among other pertinent points in his speech, Prof. Richards said there had to be a foundation for education in this country before we could accomplish very much, as the system we use was established for the classes and built from the top down.

It is hoped Mr. Richards will be heard at East Central again soon.

PRESIDENT AND WIFE VISIT KING AND WIFE

By the Associated Press

ADENKIERKE, Belgium, June 18.—President Wilson and wife arrived here from Paris at 8:45 this morning. They were met by King Albert and Queen Elizabeth and left immediately for a motor trip over the Belgian front.

THE POSTAL COMPANY ATTEMPTS SETTLEMENT

By the Associated Press

CHICAGO, June 18.—The Postal Telegraph company, with a view to ending the telegraph strike so far as that company is concerned, sent notice throughout the country this morning that all strikers would be permitted to return to work with continuity of service up to and including June 20. It was not stated whether or not the striking telegraphers intended to consider the proposal.

Normal Notes

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The text book commission now in session in Oklahoma City is composed of Gov. J. B. A. Robertson, chairman; R. H. Wilson, state superintendent, secretary; C. Jackson of Sapulpa; L. H. Pettiford of Collinsville; J. P. Battenberg of Atoka, and W. C. Kelsey of Hollie.

There will be another speaker at the Normal tomorrow morning.

(Continued on Page Eight.)

BIG FIGHTERS GETTING READY FOR THE WILLARD-DEMPSEY BATTLE AT TOLEDO, JULY 4TH.

By the Associated Press
TOLEDO, Ohio, June 18.—Tex Rickard, promoter of the heavyweight championship contest between Jess Willard and Jack Dempsey here July 4, today expressed his satisfaction over the defeat of the bill in the Ohio legislature last night, which if passed would have empowered Governor Cox to prevent the match.

Willard today received word from "Steamboat Bill" Scott, a light heavyweight, who has just returned from France, expressing his willingness to join the champion's staff of sparring partners immediately upon his discharge from the service at Camp Sherman. Scott formerly was a sparring mate of Willard's. He returned from France holding the championship honors of the Sixth division.

Admirers of Dempsey are surprised over the weight of the challenger, who tipped the scales yesterday at 201 pounds, wearing only his trunks and boxing shoes. None of them believed Dempsey weighed within ten pounds of that figure as they thought he had reduced to his lowest possible weight as a result of working hard under the heat of a scorching sun.

There was nothing suspicious about Dempsey's weighing yesterday. It was done in the presence of nearly two score of newspaper men, a great majority of whom believed that the challenger would scale somewhere between 180 and 190 pounds. The scales were tested a half dozen times before Dempsey hopped on them. The only explanation of Dempsey's astonishing increase in weight is that he thrives on training, that he has been permitted to eat what he wished, has been drinking considerable water and that perhaps his daily plunge in Maumee Bay has put considerable poundage on him instead of reducing it.

Willard has a new sparring partner in camp who promises to be of valuable assistance. The new addition is Joe Chip, a middleweight of New Castle, Pa. He is fast, lets his punches fly from all angles and half a dozen times yesterday caught the champion with stinging blows to the head and body.

Normal Notes

JEANNE D'ARC IS INJURED AT SEA

By the Associated Press

WASHINGTON, June 18.—A wireless message received at the navy department at Washington this morning announced that the French cruiser, Jeanne d'Arc, had been disabled at sea and that the transport, Imperator, had taken off Dr. Pessoa, president-elect of Brazil, and his party who were on board.

The message gave no details as to the injuries or deaths, if any.

Admiral Benson gave no details other than the Jeanne d'Arc's engines became disabled yesterday at 3 o'clock Greenwich time and three hours later the Imperator came up and took off the Brazilians. The position of the vessel at the time of transfer was not given. The Imperator, which is bringing troops home from

Mexico Land of Danger For Americans, Now That An Invasion Has Started

OKLAHOMA CITY, June 18.—It will not be safe for an American to go into Mexico for a long time now, because of the clean-up made on the Villistas at Juarez by American soldiers, is the opinion of Capt. Don Miller. Captain Miller was commander of Troop A of the Seventh cavalry, the outfit that crossed the river at El Paso and attacked the Mexicans after they had shot and killed a soldier.

Two Years on Border.
For the past two years he has been on the border, during which time he has made a study of the Mexican debacle. Just before starting for Oklahoma City he and his men finished a period of river patrol at Fabens near El Paso.

It is the belief of Miller that serious trouble with the Mexicans may be expected as a result of the turn of affairs at Juarez. The whipping of the Villa followers by the Americans is certain to incite them to hostilities somewhere on the border even to the extent of attempting another raid to equal the one at Columbus.

Occupancy Predicted.
Another raid like the one on Co-

GIRL COULDN'T STAND CLOTHES TO TOUCH HER

SEVEN MILLION WORKERS NEED TRAINING

"My father got me a bottle of May's Wonderful Remedy for stomach trouble and I am feeling so much better since taking it. My stomach was so painful I couldn't stand my clothes to touch me." It is a simple, harmless preparation that removes the catarrhal mucus from the intestinal tract and allays the inflammation which causes practically all stomach, liver and intestinal ailments, including appendicitis. One dose will convince or money refunded.—Gwin & Mays Drug Co. and druggists everywhere.—Adv.

A CHICAGO JUDGE RAPS MEN "VAMPS"

CHICAGO, June 18.—Are you a male vamp?

"You needn't believe, because you are not of goodly stature or because you have not the features of an Apollo, that you are out of the vamp class. There are plenty of male vamps, and they are not necessarily good looking. Judge Sheridan E. Fry says so.

"It's a certain baleful influence—a sort of hypnotism," said Judge Fry, who, from his august bench in the court of domestic relations, has witnessed the sad work of many a trousered vamp.

"They are not necessarily good looking nor men of mentality," he continued. "Often they are hopeless, dissipated wretches, but they are still able to enmesh women of charm and personality."

The Evil Eye, Perhaps.
"I don't know how they do it—it's the evil eye, I guess." And the judge laughed at his own inability to define the secret of vampishness. "Anyway, we have trouble enough with the female vampire. Let's hope the male variety doesn't flourish. I do agree with Kipling, however, that the 'female of the species is more deadly than the male.'"

Judge Fry recently described as a vampire Frank Cosgrove, the man nurse who was sentenced to the Bridewell for winning the affections of Mrs. Ella Gauer while he nursed her husband.

But Judge Fry was not through with the subject. He mused over the many varieties of feminine vamps he had encountered.

The Three Kinds of Vamps.
"I believe there are three varieties," he said. "Of course, everybody is familiar with the Theda Bara-ish kind—with the snaky draperies and the long earrings and the deep eyes. That kind doesn't appear in court very often."

Then he told of the baby vamp with the fluffy locks and the innocent stare.

"She doesn't look harmful," he said, "but she's just as bad as her sinuous, sophisticated sister. 'They are sisters under the skin.' The judge is fond of Kipling. 'The baby vamps really cause more trouble than the other kind, and more divorces.'"

And there is still another species—the intellectual vamp; she who approaches you and talks of soulful or intellectual subjects while she fixes her eyes on yours. You feel that baleful, fascinating 'something' that Judge Fry can't define, staring at you out of her eyes—holding you, entralling you—the while she talks economics or difficulty of reading Dostoevsky.

"Beware of all of them," is the judge's final advice.

Notice to the Public.

I have moved my garage temporarily to South Townsend until I can get in my new garage on East Main. L. ROCK.

6-18-41

It will pay you to watch the Want Ad columns of the News.



HOLD UP

your order for MEAT until you visit our SHOP.

You can't "get by" our assortment; neither will you wish to trade elsewhere after once giving us an order.

STANFIELD'S GROCERY AND MARKET

THREE TELEPHONES
Just Tell Lady Operator:
"402, PLEASE"

It Feels Strange to Fly Six Miles Above the Earth

Columbus would probably settle a decision by Uncle Sam for the occupation of Mexico, says the army captain. Occupation of the country is considered by army officers who are familiar with the situation as the only ultimate solution of the trouble, says Miller.

Believes it Accidental.

Speaking of the crossing of the river by the Americans Sunday night Miller said, "We had been watching the Villa men in their movements on Juarez. I was surprised to hear them shooting over the river and believe that it must have been accidental as Villa well knew what the consequences would be and Felipe Angeles, whom the outlaws have named as provisional president, is making a big effort for the friendship of the United States."

Villa's men would have undoubtedly taken the city if the Americans had not taken a hand in things, says Miller. Captain Miller said if further trouble at El Paso is reported, he expects to leave to join his outfit. The Seventh cavalry to which he belongs was organized by General Custer.

Hunger, cold, impairment of sight and hearing, and, naturally, difficulty in breathing, were some of the things experienced by Maj. R. W. Schroeder when he reached an altitude of approximately six miles in an airplane, the world's record for high flying. Then his engine stopped because his gasoline gave out, and there was nothing to do but come down to earth, which he did in twenty minutes.

Major Schroeder gives a brief account of his altitudinous flight in Popular Mechanics. He explains that he has been connected with the flying game since 1910, during which time he has tried to learn all he could about it. He says all his past experience stood him in good stead in his attempts to make a new world's altitude record. Prior to Major Schroeder's record-breaking flight the highest altitude reached by an airplane was 20,258 feet, attained in 1913 by G. Legaignoux in France. The American officer was anxious to outdo the Frenchman, but he found it a somewhat difficult task. He says:

"In order to take an airplane to a higher altitude than any other pilot in the world, I found that more than one or two attempts would be necessary. I made three, the first taking me to an altitude of 24,000 feet, the second to 27,000 feet, and the last to 28,000 feet, all of which would have been world's records, and now I feel certain that with a few changes and improvements I can get to 30,000 feet."

"The following experiences and sensations which I noticed during my flight were due to lack of oxygen. I took off at 1:45 p. m., September 18, 1918, and made a steady westerly climb, passing through clouds at 8,000, 12,000, and 16,000 feet. At 20,000 feet, while still climbing in large circles, my goggles became frosted, making it very difficult to watch the instruments. The temperature at this altitude was 18 degrees centigrade below zero. When I reached 25,000 feet I noticed the sun growing very dim. I could hardly hear my motor run, and felt very hungry.

"The trend of my thought was that it must be getting late, that evening must be coming on, and that this was the reason the sun was getting so dim. But I was still climbing, so thought I might as well stick to it a little longer, for I knew I could reach my ceiling pretty soon. "About this time the motor quit. It was out of gasoline, the propeller stopped, and everything was quiet; so down I went in a spiral. When I had descended to about 20,000 feet, I began to feel much better, and realized that the lack of oxygen had affected me. I passed down through the clouds at 16,000 feet, and, as I remember, it was snowing from these clouds upon the next layer, some 4,000 feet below.

"During the entire trip I did not

see the ground from the time I

went up through the clouds above

Dayton until I came through the

clouds again, at 4,000 feet above

Canton. I landed near the house

of a Mr. Joseph Schario, and one of

his little daughters came running up

to me, but she was speechless. I

asked her, 'Where am I?' and she

replied, 'Canton, Ohio.' Well, it

almost took the wind out of me to

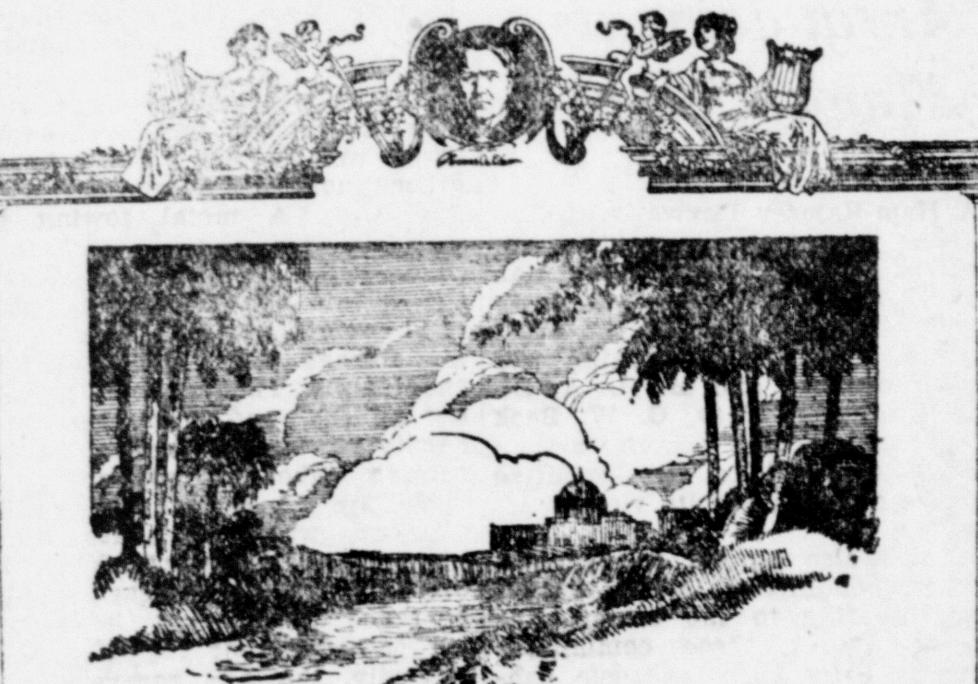
think I had drifted over 200 miles

from where I started. I reached

my greatest height 105 minutes af-

ter I started. It required 20 min-

utes to come down. I was in the



Out of the East

"The fronds of palms stood still against the sky—the brown roofs of hidden houses peeped through the green foliage, through big leaves that hung shining and still—The East, so old, so mysterious, resplendent and sombre, living and unchanged, full of danger and promise."

Out of the East comes the breath of romance and of mystery, calling to us, dwellers of the western world. To you it calls and waits for you, lying hidden in the strange harmonies of its music—the languorous, wailing music of the Orient, vivid with color, sad with the untold tragedies of the centuries.

It may all be yours if you own

The NEW EDISON

"The Phonograph with a Soul"

for this marvelous instrument will RE-CREATE for you, in your own home all the characteristic music of the Levant and the Orient—music that is the storehouse of a lore we can recognize, appreciate, but never understand.

Come to our store tomorrow, and hear the New Edison RE-CREATE the music of the East.

Phonograph Shop

7 EXCLUSIVE EDISON STORES

The City's Music Center
127 East Main Street
PHONE 817

air 125 minutes, flying in a westerly direction practically all the time, and came down 200 miles east of where I went up."

TOOK CHARACTERS FROM SIMPLE LIFE

Well Utilized by D. W. Griffith in "A Romance of Happy Valley."

The characters in "A Romance of Happy Valley" are such persons as D. W. Griffith knew in his boyhood days when he rambled through the valley uplands along the Ohio River in Kentucky and Indiana and Ohio. Simple folk they are who lived and loved and had their weariness and woes all in one small area.

From the lives of the keeper of

the country boarding house, his family and his neighbors, he took less than ten years for his story. When their little schemes and their great sacrifices, with trivial events that drove them to far-reaching actions, with the urge of their lives and its penalties and rewards, he drew the details of the drama. It is so simple it seems a tale about one's neighbors; so forceful it seems all life in one white flame.

It pounds home no propaganda, it thumps no pulpit; it is without sermon or moral, only such as life teachers in its quiet way. The Griffith mastery conceived it, the Griffith artistry produced it, which promises well for "A Romance of Happy Valley." It will be shown at the Liberty theatre starting to-day.

PROMISES OF PRAYER to be topic for Community Prayer Meeting tonight at 8:30 at the First Baptist church.

AS YOU LOOK— AT YOUR BEST

—Is the way our EXQUISITE PHOTOS look taken of you. That appointment should be made now.

Stall's Studio
PHONE 34

Ford
THE UNIVERSAL CAR

Two Factory Mechanics

We have secured the services of two mechanics from the Ford Factory. These men are now at work in our shop, and with their superior knowledge of cars and our splendid equipment, we can repair anything from a Ford to a Cadillac.

We Are Equipped to Serve You Better

OUR MIDDLE NAME IS
"SERVICE"

W. E. HARVEY
FORD SERVICE STATION

The Gas Company's Strongest Competitor

The Famous Detroit Vapor Wickless Oil Stove



"Home Again!"

See this famous Oil Cook Stove demonstrated at Coffman, Bobbitt & Sparks Co., Friday and Saturday, June 20 and 21, by a special man from the factory. They operate the same as gas—a fire under the kettle as soon as the match is struck. They are simple, convenient and fuel savers.

REMEMBER THE DATE AND BE SURE AND CALL

Coffman, Bobbitt & Sparks Company

"The Hardware Store"

Telephone 187
A "Detroit Wickless" will be good long after our gas is gone. Make one purchase cover your stove bill.

RECEIVED \$150,000 FOR WIFE'S LOVE

MONTE NEGRO IN WOEFUL PLIGHT

INHABITANTS SUBSTITUTE HOUSES BURNED AND YOUNG MEN ALI GONE, SAYS FOREIGN CORRESPONDENT.

By the Associated Press

NIKSICH, Montenegro, April 15, Via Paris May 15, (By mail.)—Montenegro is in a pitiable state. The inhabitants are destitute. Dwellings are burned or smashed by shelling. The young men are gone. There are no tools to work with, no seeds to plant. The city dwellers have no livelihood. Each day the American Red Cross gives everyone a kilo of bread or two quarts of thick, meaty soup. American nurses visit the sick from sunup to sundown, each nurse attending to about fifty sick persons daily.

Before the war most of the clothing worn by the Montenegrins was made by the women at home, either of linen or wool. Only a small number of officials and tradesmen used imported cloth. During the war no clothing was made and now the home supply is cut off because there is not enough labor to produce food and no one can spare time for spinning or weaving.

As a result Montenegrin men, women and children are clothed in burlap sacking. There is not enough sacking to go around and the mountaineers huddle in their huts during inclement weather. When one of their number, generally a child, is sent after the Red Cross rations, he or she is supplied by making a round-robin collection with sufficient sacking to keep warm during the journey to the relief station.

Malaria and tuberculosis are common and the children suffer much from the itch, due to the general filthiness of conditions in the mountains and mountain towns. In the former residence of Prince Mirko, son of King Nicholas, near Podgorica, American doctors and nurses maintain a fifty bed hospital and treat daily about eighty patients. The surgeons' principal work has to do with bullet wounds.

At Danilograd the Red Cross maintains a dispensary. Here in Niksich the Red Cross feeds 1,200 persons in its soup kitchens, making no distinction between royalists and those who favor the Jugo-Slav state.

The Red Cross also cares for 300 people housed in the six rooms of the local "poor house" whose condition is most wretched.

At Cetinje the Red Cross feeds 300 people daily in its soup kitchens and maintains a hospital.

Owing to the hostility to foreigners shown by Montenegrins almost the only foreign element found in the interior towns are American soldiers and officers and workers in American Red Cross uniforms. The American army trucks and ambulances are driven by chauffeurs largely drawn from the ambulance service in France.

MACEDONIA SAVED BY THE RED CROSS

By the Associated Press

KAVALLA, Macedonia, May 5, (By mail.)—Millions of rations have been issued and hundreds of thousands of refugees have been fed and clothed by the American people through the Balkan Commission of the American Red Cross in Macedonia. In Northern and Southern Serbia, in Rumania and in Greece proper several additional million rations have been given out without charge.

No distinction of creed or nationality has been made. Greeks, both patriarchs and Mohammedans; Slavs, including exarchists, patriarchs and Catholics; Jews of both the orthodox and Deutme professions; gypsies; Vlachs and Albanians—all have received aid from the American people.

In a two-month period, 481,440 rations were issued at Kavalla, 339,415 pounds of food being given out. At Serres, another Macedonian town, 256,675 rations were given out in one month and 6,770 persons were given 30,465 garments. At Drama 3,798 persons were fed daily by average count. Tens of thousands were fed in the smaller villages in Macedonia. The total number of garments issued in Macedonia is close to a hundred thousand.

American charity in the Balkans can hardly be reckoned up in figures, now that the Balkan Commission has established headquarters at Saloiki for Montenegro, Albania, Rumania, Greece and North and South Serbia. Millions of American dollars have been spent in the Balkan states in the work of relief—and the work goes on.

Thousands of tons of food have been transported to the starving population of Macedonia. Tens of thousands of blankets have been given away as well as mattresses, beds, cots and bolts of clothing to be made up by Turkish needle workers into clothing for Turkish women. Tons of medical supplies have been issued to hospitals and local doctors and used by American doctors and nurses.

Unclaimed Letters

The following is the list of unclaimed letters at the Ada post office yesterday:

Mr. Jimmie Adecock.
Mrs. Sidney Baves.
Mrs. Lillie Bolling.
Miss Willie Blocker.
W. J. Brown.
Watt Brown.
Ben Bunn.
S. C. Cook.
Mrs. Bertha Cooper.
Miss Mattie Crumpton.
Mr. Bryant Daniels.
Mrs. Carrie Daniels.
W. C. Dixon.
Miss Vay Duncan.
Mrs. Eliza Ellis.
Mr. Lee Fink.
Boyd Fowlks.
C. E. Golden.
Russ Head.
J. V. Henry.
Claude Jennings.
Mrs. Ethel Johns.
Mrs. Ida King.
Rev. George Johnson.
Mrs. A. W. Laing.
Mrs. C. H. Lanham.
Robert Lee.
Prit. John W. Lewis.
Miss Eula Lyle.
Mrs. Clary Llossen.
Mrs. Bonnie Luston.
E. W. McAlester.
Prof. W. H. McCalister.
Mrs. J. A. Mauker.
Mrs. Mattie Nichols.
Chas. W. Odell.
J. G. Rager & Co.
Miss Cora Ryne.
Dillie Street.
Earl Stilwell.
Mrs. L. W. Switzer.
Don Steely.
J. H. Underwood.
Miss Clara Villine.
N. A. Watson.
Mrs. E. L. Williams.

Farmers Wanting More Elevators For the Wheat

OKLAHOMA CITY, June 18.—The necessity for elevators, especially portable ones, was strongly brought out at a hearing before the Corporation Commission June 4, at

which the railroads, the Agricultural Department at Stillwater, and farmers from many sections of the state were represented.

Representatives of the railroads stated that unusual preparations had been made for moving the wheat. It was shown, however, by reports from the Agricultural Extension Department, that the wheat crop would be greater in this state than ever before, also that many districts had planted wheat for the first time. Such a condition would result in a general shortage of storage with practically no storage provision in the counties where wheat is first planted.

There has also been complaint by the farmers that elevator charges are too high, averaging about 8 cents per bushel. It is claimed that, where farmers have co-operated in running portable elevators, the cost has been about 2 cents.

A practical solution was advanced for the problem by a representative of the railroads who stated that the railroads would discuss matters informally before the commission with the farmers whenever there was any complaint and permit the use of portable elevators where needed without waiting for a formal order from the Commission. This solution seemed to satisfy everyone present.

"We realize that an emergency exists," said Art L. Walker, chairman of the Corporation Commission. "And this commission will do everything in its power to help the farmer handle his grain expeditiously and profitably. It must be remembered, however, that the commission is handicapped by a supreme court decision in case 9354, the Rock Island Railway vs. The State of Oklahoma and the Lawton Grain Co., in which the court ruled: 'The Corporation Commission is without jurisdiction to designate a point on the right-of-way for the location of portable grain elevator.'

A MINISTER WHO SEES VALUE OF GOOD ROADS

By the Associated Press
KANSAS CITY, Mo., June 18.—That good roads are the most prominent factor in the development of rural life in the United States was the declaration of Rev. L. M. Birkhead, a Unitarian minister of this city, in recent sermon on improved highway.

"To rid our nation of isolation, poverty, ignorance, and ill health, it is necessary to have more adequate means of communication," Mr. Birkhead said. "The loneliness and isolation of country life, due to bad roads, is likely the most serious hindrance to the proper development of country people."

The following is a summary of what good roads would mean to Missouri and Kansas, according to Mr. Birkhead:

Good roads would:

Greatly increase the value of farm property.

Bring remote agricultural land within practicable hauling distance from railroads.

Make the motor truck economical for farmers.

Lighten the labor of horses and save wear and tear on harness and wagons.

Bring relief from congestion in the fall, and consequently relief from a flooded market.

Provide a steadier food market.

Enable the farmer to sell his products when the market and not the road is favorable.

Exempt the farmer from the payment of "mud tax."

Extend and improve rural delivery service.

Enhance the personal, social and educational advantages of country life.

Cleaning an Umbrella.

To clean an umbrella place a tablespoonful of sugar in a basin, pour over it half a pint of water and stir till dissolved. Then open the umbrella and, starting from the ferrule, sponge each gore down to the point. Leave the umbrella open till dry.

It is an everlasting duty, the duty of being brave. Valor is still value. The first duty of a man is still that of subduing fear. We must get rid of fear; we cannot act till then. A man shall and must be valiant, he must march forward. Now and always the completeness of his victory over fear will determine how much of a man he is.

They are. They are long-distance runners—built by uniform workmen to a championship standard. No tires cost you less per mile, none others are Geared-to-the-Road.

ADA VULCANIZING
COMPANY
Ada, Oklahoma

WHITE SHINOLA

AMERICA'S HOME SHOE POLISH

Cleans all white shoes quickly and easily. Leaves the fabric or leather natural looking.

WHITE CLEANSER
SHINOLA
AMERICA'S HOME SHOE POLISH

BLACK-TAN-WHITE-RED-BROWN

Auto Activities

George A. Irwin who lives south of Ada is riding in a new Ford.

Rev. J. M. Vernon of 521 East 16th is another purchaser of a Ford.

Rev. C. C. Morris was added to the number of Ford users last week by the local agency.

W. M. Lucas was here from Tishomingo this week and rode back in a Fordson Tractor, which he purchased from Mr. Harvey.

S. I. Tobias is riding in a new Hudson Super-Six secured from W. E. Harvey, the local agent.

Mr. W. E. Harvey is driving a new Ford Coupe which carries all the latest mechanical devices such as electric starter, etc.

John Craig is now working at the local Ford agency.

C. R. Miller from Mattoon, Ill., an expert mechanic, is now connected with Mr. Harvey's place on East Main Street.

Jack Kenneth of Stratford has purchased a new Buick from Grant Irwin.

F. A. Ford went to Oklahoma City yesterday to come back in another Essex which he will sell in Ada.

Ed Haynes, expert battery man, is again working with Fleet Cooper, being in charge of Mr. Cooper's battery department.

Buick Employs Returned Soldiers.

Every day at the Buick Motor company's plant at Flint, Michigan, finds many new employees, soldiers and sailors, back at work. Already 1,400 returning fighters have been re-employed, averaging nearly 300 per month or 15 per day. A total of 3,003 employees were in the service of which nearly 40 per cent are back at their old or new positions. Promotions have been frequent among a large number of returning soldiers and sailors for the policy of the company is so broad in this respect that enlisted men are taken care of and placed in positions where their ability is best suited. A personal welcome awaits every soldier and sailor who applies for employment. All employees who are still in the service in this country or abroad will be assigned to old or new positions upon their return to Flint, Michigan. Not only is this policy being applied at the Buick factory, but it has been adopted by every Buick branch and distributor throughout the United States. No manufacturing organization is more proud of their list of fighters than the Buick Motor company, which takes particular consideration in seeing that each enlisted employee is taken care of in every way.

UPGRADING MUCH NEEDED
IN AMERICAN INDUSTRIES

WASHINGTON, June 18.—If every soldier were back on his old job the country would still be four million short of its normal number of workers due to the loss of immigration the past four years; if industry does not quickly develop some means for overcoming this shortage it will be seriously handicapped in adjusting itself to new conditions, says officials of the U. S. Training Service of the Department of Labor.

They point out that the country has gone without its normal supply of peace-time commodities for years and now it must replenish freely. Furthermore Europe has lost millions of men and tens of billions of property and the devastated regions must be made good. It is urged that to meet this extraordinary situation the workers in factories and shops must be assisted in increasing their skill and interest in the work. The estimated shortage in this country of 790,000 houses is cited as showing how far the nation is behind normal production. Training courses in the industrial

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Marvin Brown, Editor

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Telephone No. 4.



THE FORTHCOMING REVIVAL.

Those of the city who are prone to dread the strain of the forthcoming Ham-Ramsey revival, coming as it does in the hot month of July, should reflect on the benefit it will be to the city in a material way, to say nothing of the great benefit it is bound to be in a spiritual and moral way.

We have it on good authority that the men who compose this company are men of strong character and individuality, and that their seriousness and conscientious purposes are beyond question.

This means that they will be successful from the standpoint of the minister who wishes to convert sinners and save the souls of men. Being that kind of men they can also bring about results that will add greatly to the material interests of the city and community.

They will cause to be brought together men and women who have not heretofore become acquainted with each other; they will inspire the spirit of co-operation and city building along modern lines, for the very good reason that their experience is nation-wide; they will instill lessons of civic pride and betterment that cannot be estimated; and in many other ways will help to cement the populace into one united band of friends and fellows, among whom no contention should be allowed to exist.

We believe the revival will be worth all it costs from a material standpoint. It is bound to be a blessing from a spiritual standpoint. These things being true, let us get ready to lend the company and our local ministers the support they deserve in this great undertaking.

SAVING ON SHIPS.

To a public that is beginning to find war expenses rather oppressive, there is cheer and encouragement in the report of Chairman Hurley of the Shipping Board on the government's big shipping venture.

In the hands of big business men, the Shipping Board has produced and is producing results. The launching of a ship attracts no such attention now as it did when Germany was sinking merchantmen faster than the combined efforts of the world's shipping builders could produce them. If it did, people would be proud of the present production.

The United States already has a great merchant marine. When completed, according to present plans, it will include 2,434 vessels aggregating nearly 14,000,000 dead weight tons. This represents new construction, in addition to the tonnage formerly under the American flag and that bought from other nations.

All this costs money. The total bill will be nearly \$3,000,000,000. The most cheering thing about Chairman Hurley's report, however, is the revelation of how little actual loss there is likely to be. It appears that the board is now selling new ships in the open market for as much, in view of the high cost of construction under war-time conditions.

The older vessels naturally bring less, and the dumping of a large amount of tonnage on the market will naturally tend to force down prices all along the line. Still, the loss at worst will not be more than a few hundred millions. This may be set down to war expenses which the nation rather expected to assume for the sake of the safety given by a big merchant fleet. Or it may be set down to investment for the sake of future trade and industrial expansion. In either event, Uncle Sam, despite the admitted failures and blunders of this vast enterprise, emerges with a pretty good record. Uncle has built for a great emergency the biggest fleet ever turned out to order in a given time, and it will almost pay for itself.

A FIGHT TO THE FINISH.

It is interesting to note that at a conference in Washington with the officials of the United States Public Health Service the representatives of practically every State Board of Health in the United States considered venereal diseases so much a menace that they placed it at the very top of their health program for the coming year.

It means, of course, that the energy of the American medical profession will be united to carry on a finish fight and that at some time in the not very distant future venereal diseases will become remote.

It is also good to note that the work rests on a firm foundation. Backed by the United States government, largely as a war measure, all of the states save five have adopted, or put into effect, legislation for the control of venereal diseases and are making rapid headway toward the eventual goal. The war measure has become a peace-time necessity. Convinced that there are

few diseases as generally prevalent, as easily communicable, and as great an economic drain, the numerous state assemblies and boards of health decided to take advantage of the ground gained through war legislation and clean up right now.

There are just two things lacking to guarantee a quicker success. These are the proper attitude of the public and the co-operation of city and county officials. The states are well organized so far as co-operation with the government is concerned. It now remains for the cities and counties to organize in co-operation with the state board of health.

This quite naturally will come about when the public opens its eyes.

And we might as well begin right here at home. It would be well to realize now as later that the old days have gone for keeps. Not as a measure of reform, but because they were breeders and carriers of venereal diseases, 150 segregated districts with the prostitutes have been put out of business. Scarcely six have been left in the United States. They will never come back.

We should realize that this was accomplished in a little more than a year, and this city must get into the fight or be left behind. It is hardly a time to consider the propriety of the discussion. The United States government and the state boards of health did not hesitate, because some people considered "venereal diseases," words which should not be spoken in public. Because they brushed aside false modesty they have made great headway.

We would like to do it here at home. Syphilis, yellow fever, smallpox and gonorrhea are all alike in the lexicon of communicable diseases.

Let us get busy and get our state board of health and the United States public health service to tell us what to do to control these dangerous infections.

DRUG ADDICTION.

Always doubtful of arguments based on "big figures" and "vast majorities," we have not been unduly alarmed by the prediction that when prohibition sets in with real severity the country will turn to drugs. "There are now a million addicts, and the number will increase tenfold" has not seemed a particularly scientific statement. At the same time it is encouraging to have direct testimony bearing out our doubts. It is assumed that a larger proportion of drug addicts is found among the criminal classes than elsewhere. Dr. McNamara says that in the Cook County jail of 57,054 prisoners between 1913 and 1919 only 755 were habitual drug users. He disposes of the belief that crime is due to drug addiction as a "myth," and adds: "Surgeon General Gorgas in his annual report states the fact that 894,000 soldiers were examined by the army surgeons and only 403 were refused as drug users. This tells whether or not the American people are habitual users of narcotic or habit-forming drugs."—Collier's.

REGARDING GOOD BIRDS.

Ornithologists, sportsmen, lovers of wild life and agricultural experts of late years have been co-operating in a great propaganda in behalf of the birds. Starting with a desire to stop the senseless and thoughtless slaughter of song and game birds, they soon got down to a utilitarian basis, arguing for the preservation of the birds because of their practical value to man.

It is along this line that they have done their most effective work—more people have been moved by interest than by sentiment. And the campaign has gone farther than anyone might have expected, as accurate observation developed facts about birds that had formerly been ignored.

It has been found that nearly all of the feathered creatures of the woods and fields are of service to the human race because they feed on insect pests and other destroyers of food crops. A good report has been given of those traditional nuisances of the country and city respectively, the crow and the English sparrow. And now some expert caps the climax by pronouncing the hated "hen-hawk" actually the friend of the farmer, because, though he may kill an occasional chicken, he amply makes up for it by his depredations of field mice and other rodents and by his consumption of insects when he fails to bag larger game.

Perhaps we shall be obliged yet to apply to birds the legendary Kentucky gentleman's judgment on whiskey: "There is no bad whisky; some is better than others—that's all."

Can it be that there are really no bad birds? At present, that seems the safest assumption. Certainly, for the non-expert citizen, it is safer and wiser to let them all live than to try killing off those of ill repute; for even if it is granted that some birds ought to be exterminated, the self-appointed executioner is likely to slay ten friends to one foe.

Don't go to the postoffice before July 1st and stock up on three cent stamps, because after that your letter postage will be only two cents, as of old. Not only that but you may never get rid of them, as they will not be exchanged for stamps of other denominations. Two-cent post cards and three cent stamped envelopes will be exchanged for stamps and supplies in other denominations, but they will not be exchanged for currency. No exchanges at all will be made after August 1st.

Beginning at six o'clock Thursday night, June 26, the war will be on again, unless the "Dutch" sign on the dotted line. Is it too much to hope that the war is over?

Speaking about jobs—there are just oodles of jobs in the strawberry and cherry sections of Missouri and Arkansas and at wages usually paid bank cashiers, too.

BATTLE ROYAL AT VAGRANCY TRIAL

Justice H. J. Brown's court was the scene of a battle royal between lawyers for the defense and prosecution this morning when the case of George Ray, charged with vagrancy, came up for trial.

Ray is a returned soldier, 29 years old. He served in the army for ten months and was discharged April 9th, arriving in Ada April 22. It was said in the charge that he had loitered on the streets of Ada since that date and was seen continuously in company with men of doubtful reputations and that Ray had not worked since he arrived here and would not go to work. The prosecution announced in advance that they would not try to convict Ray of being a gambler.

The state represented by Prosecuting Attorney Wayne Wadlington, introduced the following as witnesses: Mayor Kitchens, who had fined Ray twice on charges of loitering; Police Wicks, Adair and W. F. Anderson, Sheriff Bob Duncan and Constable Walter Goyne. The defense represented by Attorney John Crawford, placed only one witness on the stand, Ray himself, and an honorable discharge Ray had received from the United States army.

Mr. Crawford in his defense, hotly protested the introduction of evidence all through the trial and stated that they would acknowledge that Ray had not worked and was now not working, but showed that Ray did not need to work as he had plenty of money and was simply resting as a good citizen until such time as he wished to again take up civilian pursuits. At times he waxed so eloquent in his appeal to the jury to be lenient with this patriotic soldier that he brought tears to the eyes of spectators and to his own eyes. He spoke in vigorous tones of Officers Adair and Goyne who were trying to convict this soldier and stated that even though the soldier were now a vagrant he would be a better citizen after having served his country than these men who were in the draft age and stayed at home.

Ray was raised in Alabama but has lived in Ada and other parts of Oklahoma for many years.

The jury made up of the following citizens deliberated but a few minutes and found the defendant not guilty: Frank W. Chambers, Calhoun Sparks, E. H. Morris, Chief Henry, E. R. Vaughan, and L. C. Lindsey, foreman.

Tulsa World: The Mexican ambassador protests against Mr. Gillett's reference to Mexico as an "impediment." The Chicago Tribune moves that the word be stricken out and "damned nuisance" substituted.

SAN ANTONIO EDUCATOR TO SPEAK TOMORROW

Supt. Meek, who for the past six years has been superintendent of the San Antonio, Tex., city schools, is at the Normal in connection with a plan on the part of all the Normal schools to put in a system of council for the Normals. Mr. Meek had already been employed for similar work in the eastern part of the country but because of his extreme interest in the schools of the southwest he gave up that work to take up the work with the Normal schools of Oklahoma. He is one of the most prominent educators in the state of Texas and the southwest.

This is one of a series of lectures of this nature to be delivered at the summer Normal. Mr. Meek will be here for three days.

MORE TRANSPORTS ARRIVE WITH AMERICAN SOLDIERS

NEW YORK, June 18.—Three transports carrying 14,474 troops, arrived here today from French ports. They were the America and Agamemnon from Brest with 7,013 and 5,768 troops, respectively, and the Duke d' Abruzzi from Marseilles with 1,688.

Oklahoma City News: You can drive a man to sarsaparilla but you can't make him drink it.

Methodist Membership Drive.
Say, have you joined the Methodist Church yet? If you reside in Ada, your membership should not be in some other city. Join at once. We are expecting a new member for each day during the month of June. Phone the pastor at 6-2-2 and talk with him concerning the transfer of your name from the place where you used to live. Be on hand next Sunday morning to be received into fellowship.

WALLACE M. CRUTCHFIELD.
Pastor.

Fancy, home grown Carnations \$1.00 per dozen.—Ada Green House 6-14-tf


SAFETY FIRST
HAVE BEAUTIFUL EYES
TAKE
OCULO DIDACTICS
or
EYE CULTURE
The new eye problem given by

CO-ON

Hey! You!

Every Person Who Can Play a Horn, or a Drum, Is Invited, Requested, Urged and Commanded, to Meet at the Court House, Wednesday, June 18, at 8 o'clock, P. M.

If Ada is to Keep Pace with Wewoka, Madill, Wetumka and Other Progressive Towns of This Section, We Must Have a Band.

Those of You Who Have Horns and Music Belonging to the Band Will Please Bring Them Back to the Practice Hall.

COME ON, TELL YOUR FRIENDS, LET'S GO!

--Summer Soft Straws

SOME ARE STIFF

After Taking a "Straw" Vote, the Softs Seem to Have It.

Comfortable and practical, the ideal hot-weather hat is a Panama, Balibuntal, Bangkok or Leghorn. Young men and older men, coming here for the New Straws, show a preference for the light-weight flexible shapes.

PRICED FROM

\$3.00 to \$5.00

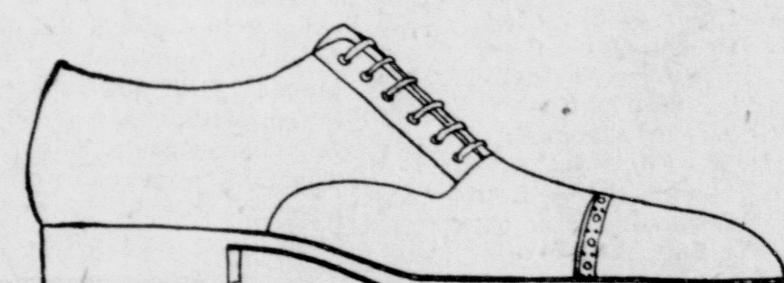
Oxfords for Warm Weather

The Utmost in Style, Comfort and Service

Select your footwear this time according to quality, not price—that's the way to get satisfaction—the sure way to make your shoe money go farthest.

The "Stacy Adams" and "Ralsonton" trademark identifies footwear of superior quality. Look over the attractive new models now on display.

Stacy Adams, \$7.50 to \$11.00
Ralstons \$5.50 to \$7.50



The Surprise Store
Established 1903
115-117 West Main St.
Phone 117

THE TOWN GOSSIP

By MILTON LESTER

LAST NIGHT.
I WALKED.
INTO JACK Moore's.
AND WHILE I was.
IN THE hall.
A FELLOW came up to me.
AND HE said:
"IS THIS Mr. Lester?"
AND I told him.
THAT IT was.
AND HE said:
"I AM awfully glad to meet you."
AND I thanked him.
AND HE said:
"I HAVE been reading.
"YOUR STUFF.
"FOR A long time.
"AND I want to tell you.
"HOW MUCH I enjoy it."
AND I began.
TO FEEL my shirt getting tight.
ACROSS MY breast.
AND HE went on.
AND SAID:
"YOUR PAPER is one of the best.
"THAT I read.
"AND I find it.
"SO INTERESTING.
"THAT I sometimes miss.
"MY SUPPER.
"BECAUSE I can't.
"LAY IT down long enough.
"TO EAT."
AND I felt my hat.

GROWING TIGHT on my head.
AND HE gave me a cigar.
AND TOOK me by the arm.
AND LED me over to a chair.
IN THE corner.
AND THEN he pulled out a book.
FROM HIS pocket.
AND HE said:
"I have here.
"AN INTERESTING volume.
"ON THE life.
"OF JUDGE J. W. Bolen.
"WHICH I am sure.
"WILL INTEREST you.
"AND SEEING that you.
"ARE LABORING.
"IN THE literary field.
"I WILL make you.
"A PRICE on it.
"OF TWO dollars.
"AND A half.
AND THERE was only.
ONE THING for me to do.
AND I did it.
I PULLED out.
TWO DOLLARS.
AND TOOK the book.
AND LEFT him.
AND AS I was going out.
I SAW another man.
LOOK AT me.
AS THOUGH he.
RECOGNIZED ME.
BUT I didn't stop.
I THANK you.

Let a Want Ad get it for you.
Lowery Harrell went to Chel-
sea today for a visit.

F. J. McFarland of the Harris-
ton Hotel is now riding in a new Cadil-
lac which he purchased in McAlester
of recent date.

Chism Barnett came in yesterday
afternoon from San Angelo, Texas,
on a visit to his mother, Mrs. L.
Barnett.

Mrs. Frances Allen, mother of
Mrs. Alfred Vaden, returned this
week from Beaumont, Texas, where
she spent this past winter.

Max Donald Westbrook returned
home last night from a three
weeks' visit with his aunt, Mrs.
W. M. Burton, at Tulsa.

The eighteen months old baby,
Norman Hulsey, who was operat-
ed on at the hospital a few days ago,
is reported to be doing nicely.

Little Amy Graves, who was
brought to the hospital for an op-
eration for appendicitis about a
week ago, is recovering nicely and
was able to go to her home near
McGee today.

Mrs. Lula Ingram left today for
a visit to relatives at Fort Worth.
D. W. Swaffer of the Tax Col-
lector's office says the chiggers are
getting so bad now that some man
has suggested the use of trousers
lined with sand paper to "work
while you walk."

It is reported that F. P. Lieuallen,
former Ada attorney who left here
to act as general counsel for the
Skelley & Sankey Oil interests at
Oklahoma City, has become wealthy
in the oil game with his company.
Mr. Lieuallen's individual holdings
are said to be worth in the neighbor-
hood of \$250,000.

City Briefs

Get it at Gwin & Mays.

Smith sells refrigerators.

"Don't get Gay with Kirby."

Have your Photo made at West's.

Let a Want Ad get it for you.

Judge J. F. McKeel went to Ok-
lahoma City yesterday afternoon.T. E. Cullens from Okmulgee is
down on a visit to his son, T. O.
Cullins.J. Ward Boyce from San Antonio,
Texas, is here visiting Miss Lenora
McKendree.Vauda E. Black is another sol-
dier lately to arrive from the de-
mobilization camp.ALL THE PEOPLE wanted to-
night at Community Prayer Meeting
at First Baptist church.Mrs. C. H. Rives and little daugh-
ter Frances have returned from sev-
eral days visit at Gainesville, Texas.REV. C. V. DUNN will lead the
Community Prayer Meeting this
evening at the First Baptist church.Mrs. J. H. Fowler left this morn-
ing for an extended visit in
Springfield, Illinois, and at Roches-
ter, New York.Capt. Sam H. Hargis left yester-
day afternoon for Oklahoma City to
take up his work with the state
government.

TO-DAY LIBERTY TO-DAY

"A ROMANCE
OF HAPPY VALLEY"

A Page From the Book of Life
A Paramount Artcraft Special With
ROBERT HARRON AND LILLIAN GISH
Directed by D. W. Griffith
It's One Play You Must Not Miss
SHOWING TODAY AND TOMORROW

Yandell Lain made a business trip
to Dallas, Texas, and Duncan this
afternoon.

J. H. Cornwell, traveling salesman
for Nat-Ribback Company, Chicago,
was a caller at Stevens-Wilson Dry
Goods company this afternoon.

Hugh Taylor has arrived from
the demobilization camp with his
discharge. We will have more to
say about him tomorrow.

Mrs. W. H. Bowie and little
daughter returned to their home at
Stratford yesterday afternoon after
a visit at the home of W. E.
Brinlee.

Mrs. G. W. Taylor returned this
morning from an extended visit in
Tishomingo and Ardmore where she
has been visiting her mother, Mrs.
W. M. Lucas, and friends.

Mrs. J. A. Napier and children
have returned to their home in
Vernon, Texas, after an extended visit
with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. H.
C. Thompson, of 119 East Seven-
teenth.

Miss Zelma Lowe received word
this morning that her sister, Mrs.
J. C. Templeton, of Wichita, Kan.,
has recovered sufficiently to be
brought home from the hospital
where she has been suffering from
an attack of pneumonia.

Miss Fannie Mae McCain of 313
West Sixteenth was taken suddenly
ill Tuesday morning with an attack
of appendicitis. She is reported to
be somewhat better today, however,
an operation may have to be per-
formed to insure her recovery.

Mrs. D. H. Laird of Kilgore,
Texas, is visiting her brother, H. C.
Thompson and Mrs. Thompson on
Seventeenth street. Mrs. Laird is
living on the plantation settled by
her father, B. F. Thompson, in 1844,
coming from Batesville, Ark., to
Texas in that year.

One of the most enjoyable even-
ings of this season was spent in
dancing Tuesday evening at the
city hall. Some twenty or twenty-
five couples were present when
their chaperones were Mesdames R.
W. Simpson and J. W. Brown.
Music was furnished by the Schreiber
orchestra.

Straws of Prosperity.

McAlester News-Capital: Halley-
ville will build a new church, Harts-
horne plans to pave its principal
business streets, Kiowa has just
completed a modern grain elevator,
Indiana gets a bridge that will
connect it with a new trade terri-
tory, Krebs has a new bank building
already under course of construc-
tion, a new bridge costing \$10,000
is being completed over the Pitts-
burgh county to northern traffic,
while Quinton is in the midst of a
recently developed gas field that has
untold of possibilities.

These are merely a few of the
figurative straws that proclaim to
the world at large and the state
of Oklahoma in particular just what
this little empire of a commonwealth
in Southeastern Oklahoma is doing.

Muskogee Times-Democrat: Those
soldiers who used to creep down to a
listening post in No Man's Land
and scout for Hun attacks, ought
to have a good training for getting
across a city street infested with
automobiles.

Let a Want Ad get it for you.

GAS TAKES FIRE IN
NORTH ADA TODAY

The fire alarm about 11:30 this
morning was caused by gas taking
fire in an alley between Fifth and
Sixth streets, in the five hundred
block on the north side.

The company engaged in laying
sanitary sewers were cutting a
ditch in the alley with their big
ditching machine when it suddenly
struck a gas main and bursted a
hole in it. The heat from the
machine ignited the gas and caused
quite a blaze.

The fire alarm was turned in and
the fire machines responded, but
the chemicals could do nothing to
the gas flame. Holes were dug to
the gas mains at each end of the
alley and the gas cut off. In this
manner the blaze was soon extin-
guished. The blaze took place close
up to a barn and it was with some
degree of effort on the part of the
fire department, who worked like
beavers, that the barn was saved.

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city hall. Some twenty or twenty-
five couples were present when
their chaperones were Mesdames R.
W. Simpson and J. W. Brown.
Music was furnished by the Schreiber
orchestra.

The citation for bravery is in the
French and, when translated, con-
tains the following approbation:

"Lieutenant Richard Harrison,
142nd Regiment, Infantry, d'Infanterie
Americain.

"A very courageous officer.
Placed at the head of a group oc-
cupying a most unfavorable position,
by his audacity and coolness he en-
couraged his men under a violent
fire of the enemy. Killed while in-
specting his sector.

Signed: "PETAIN,
Commander-in-chief of the French
Armies of the East, March 30,
1919."

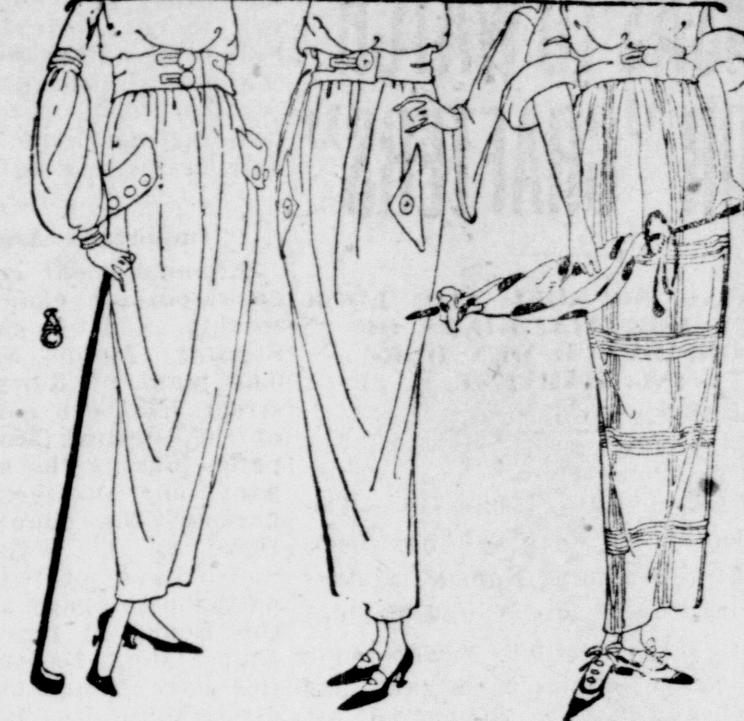
By the Associated Press

PARIS, June 18.—In his letter to
the head of the German peace dele-
gation, apologizing for the demon-
stration against the Germans at
Versailles, M. Clemenceau expressed
deep regret for this reprehensive
act which was contrary to the laws of
war.

There is rejoicing in the A. T.
Watson home over a bouncing baby
boy, who arrived Monday morning.

Wash
Skirts

---for immediate wear



In these days when women select clothes for their goodness, these summer skirts will receive their full share of attention. Service giving quality has been thoroughly emphasized, yet novelty in tailoring shows the influence of smartness.

\$1.50 to \$10.00

New
Summer Hats

New shipments of mid-summer hats added to our
big collection—some of the most beautiful fashions
produced this season. We invite you to come and
see them.

New Milans and Taffeta Hats

VERY SMART MID-SUMMER HATS TO BE
HAD AT VERY POPULAR PRICES

ALWAYS SOMETHING NEW

Shaw's
DEPARTMENT STORE
S.M. SHAW, PROP.
Established in 1902 ADA, OKLA.

PUBLICATION OF MEMOIRS
FORBIDDEN IN GERMANY

By the Associated Press

PARIS, June 17.—(French Wire-
less Service)—The German govern-
ment according to reports received
here, has forbidden the publica-
tion of the memoirs of the late
Lieutenant-General Von Moltke,
chief of the general staff at the out-
break of the war. It is said that
the memoirs contain passages con-
cerning events in 1914 which would

produce an unfavorable impression
in Germany with regard to the ques-
tion of war responsibility.

The general, it is said, severely
criticizes the policy of Germany
during the period prior to the war.

It is said that the Von Moltke
memoirs will be published only after
the peace treaty is signed.

Clyde Ragsdale passed through
the city today en route from Fort
Worth, where he has just received

Let a Want Ad get it for you.



The Shepherd of The Hills — AMERICAN THEATRE — STARTING TODAY!

From Harold Bell Wright's Great Novel
Filmed among the scenic wonders
of the Ozarks.

Broke all records Kansas City, Little Rock
and Tulsa. It will break all records here.
We urge every woman and child, who can
possibly do so, to attend the afternoon
shows to avoid the crowded condi-
tions at night. Same Show,
same music.

JIM LANE—The hardy Kentucky gen-
tlemen who carried a great burden, but
thought the world of his beautiful daugh-
ter, Sammie Lane.

YOUNG MATT—The giant lover of
the hills, and Old Matt, his father.

LITTLE PETE—Plaintive and pathetic,
the greatest child character in fiction.

WASH GIBBS—The mountain bully
who ruled with might until he found his
match.

THE BELOVED SHEPHERD — Who
found peace and happiness in the Ozarks
and brought contentment to the souls of
all who there abided.

Personally selected by this theater
management as the GREATEST PICTURE
OF THE YEAR, and one that will appeal
to all classes of people.

PRICES:
ADULTS, 50c; CHILDREN, 25c
(NEVER LESS)

SPECIAL MUSIC
Continuous From 10 A. M. to 12 P. M.
ATTEND THE MATINEE

NOW
IN PICTURES
THE
SHEPHERD
OF
THE HILLS
BY
HAROLD BELL WRIGHT

A PICTURIZATION
OF THE MOST
POPULAR AMERICAN NOVEL

DIRECTION
W. T. CASKELL



KANSAS TO WATCH FOR "GRAFTERS"

WARNING SOUNDED TO LOOK OUT FOR ALL KINDS OF CONFIDENCE MEN DURING HARVEST.

By the Associated Press

TOPEKA, Kan., June 18.—The full gamut of warnings has been sounded throughout Kansas, against the incursions of undesirables during the pending wheat harvest. Never before, it is said, has there been such a variegated assortment of warnings issued in Kansas. These warnings, however, generally have been received in the spirit in which they were given, officials declare, and the result is that the state is prepared all along the line to handle any of the various kinds of conspirators, thieves, or "con" men whose advent has been heralded generously.

Probably the most emphasis has been placed by officials on the possibilities of the invasion of the state by members of the I. W. W. Two years ago, it is recalled, Kansas was a fertile field for the operations of agitators, because no precautions had been taken against such activities. Hence in a number of communities there were disorders; homes were threatened, communities terrorized and considerable property destroyed, both in the agricultural areas and in the oil fields.

Word has been sent to all peace officers to enforce strictly the vagrancy laws—state and local—under which they may arrest workless visitors and those who engage in undue propaganda and agitation.

Kansas has been warned by various officials, against:

Auto thief bands; confidence men, "blue sky" dispensers; safe blowers; fire bugs; "soap box orators" and hold-up men.

A movement for preparedness has been under way for many weeks. The sheriffs of the various counties have met and talked over the situation. They will have additional deputies during the harvest season, in each township. City officials—mayors and police chiefs—met recently and discussed the problems offered by the influx of some 120,000 men from outside the state. There are a score of Kansas National Guard companies and nearly 200 State Guard companies, scattered throughout the state, the latter being especially strong in the wheat producing counties. These

men have been authorized to maintain order in their respective counties, to run down law breakers and round up agitators. Last Saturday the county attorneys held a meeting in Hutchinson to consult on their powers to combat attempts of conspiring visitors to prey on Kansas.

Important Announcement.

Announcement is hereby made of an important change in the directorship and management of the Sterling Motor Supply Company. The plant of Emry Bros., on 12th street, has been combined with that of the Sterling Motor Supply Company, making the stock of the company one of the largest in this part of the country. Thomas P. Holt, L. T. Walters and R. F. Smith have severed their connection with the company and resigned from the Board of Directors, and J. T. Emry, Mont Emry and W. H. Nettles have been duly elected to the directorship to fill the vacancies thus made. The new Board of Directors now consists of James R. Hounshell, president; Mont Emry, vice-president; J. T. Emry, secretary-treasurer, and W. H. Nettles, all of Ada, and J. W. Ragland, of Okman.

The two plants will be combined at the large building of Emry & Norman, on 12th street, near the old postoffice corner. All members of the said Board of Directors will be actively engaged in the management of the company with the exception of Mr. Ragland.

The vulcanizing plant of the new company has at last arrived and has been installed and the company is now ready to do all kinds of vulcanizing work. All the active directors are experienced tire men and know the business from A to Z. This company has from three to four hundred stockholders scattered over Pontotoc, Coal, Murray, Johnson and Garvin counties. With the new combination its success is assured.

6-18-6td 1tw

Notice to Contractors.

Sealed bids will be received by the board of education of the city of Roff, Oklahoma, up to 1 o'clock p. m., June 30, 1919, for the construction and completion of a High School building. Plans and specifications are on file at the clerk's office. A certified check for ten per cent of the amount must accompany all bids. Address T. A. Hill, Clerk, Roff, Oklahoma. 6-13-15td

Collector for the Mothers Magazine Home Reading Club will call on subscribers east of Katy track this week.

6-16-18

Hemstitching at 312 East Thirteenth. Prompt service and satisfaction guaranteed. Telephone 194-R.—Mrs. George Harrison. 6-14-15td

OLD LANDMARK TO JUNK HEAP!

WASHINGTON HOUSE AT PHILADELPHIA TO BE TORN DOWN AS RESULT OF PROHIBITION.

By the Associated Press

PHILADELPHIA, June 18.—Another landmark of George Washington is to go into the discard.

The historic Washington House, noted as a hotel since 1746, is to be torn down as soon as prohibition becomes effective, it is announced. In its place will be erected a modern hotel, office building and theatre.

The place is filled with reminiscences of Washington and revolutionary times. Washington retreated to it after the disaster of Brandywine. A bronze tablet reads: "In this room September 11, 1777, Washington wrote the only report of the battle of Brandywine."

Previously Washington had been a guest in this hostelry then known as the Washington Arms and again, when making the journey from Washington to New York, when he was elected president, he with his retinue had breakfast in the hotel's dining room. To commemorate this event the Daughters of the American Revolution erected a tablet reading:

"This marks this house as the place where Washington wrote at midnight the only report of the battle of Brandywine, September 11, 1777. Here Washington also received the congratulations of the people of Chester upon his election as the first president of the United States, April 20, 1789."

After the evacuation of Philadelphia by the British the name of the hotel was changed to the Washington House.

On each occasion when Washington stopped at the hotel the best room in the house was placed at his disposal. The fine mahogany chairs which were in this room are still preserved as historic relics.

When Washington departed from Chester for New York for his inauguration ceremony he rode a splendid white horse, the gift of the citizens of Darby, Pa., nearby. As he rode away he passed the Plow and Harrow Inn, which had the reputation of being the best kept tavern in the colonies. There it was that Lafayette's wounds were

dressed by Mary Gorman on the night of the battle of Brandywine.

Teachers Organizing.
The American Federation of Teachers, an organization of the public school teachers of the United States, affiliated with both the American Federation of Labor and the National Women's Trade League, has chartered since its formation a total of seventy local unions in the various states.

Information reaching the United States Department of Labor indicates that the wave of organization among educators is spreading rapidly in all sections of the country.

Recently teachers in Boston, including Harvard professors, have organized into the Greater Boston Federation of Teachers, and the faculty of the University of Illinois also includes a local union.

Relief from the present inadequate salary scale of teachers, which in the whole United States averages \$600 per year, with thousands receiving only \$300 and \$400 per year, is announced as one of the principal aims of the new organization.

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attended to by Mary Gorman on the night of the battle of Brandywine.

Mr. Bryan's Advice.

William Jennings Bryan has forecast his view of the presidential situation in 1920 in the April issue of the Commoner. He appeals for the selection of a young candidate to lead the Democrats in what he expects to be a "bitter fight." He either opposes the nomination of President Wilson for a third term or does not expect the president to be a candidate for re-election.

Mr. Bryan says in the Commoner: "If the Democratic party is to remain the champion of the masses and secure for them their rights, it must be looking around for a presi-

dential candidate for 1920—a young man, old enough to have won the people's confidence and yet young enough to organize and lead the fight against private monopoly. He may not win in 1920. It may take as long as it did to win the fight commenced in 1896, but we must begin now. Look about you. Find a David who is not afraid—one who can slay the giant of error with bubbles of truth."—Rocky Mountain News.

OPTOMETRISTS ASK LAW INCREASING LICENSE FEES
OKLAHOMA CITY, Okla., June

18.—At the annual meeting of the Oklahoma Optometrists Association here last week, Dr. Marcus Morgan, of Bartlesville was elected president, Edward Carr, Chickasha, secretary and treasurer, and C. E. Williams, Woodward and C. M. Justice, Perkins, were named vice-presidents, M. N. J. Holt, Stillwater was chosen delegate to the national convention.

The association passed a resolution calling for an amendment of the present state law in order to increase the annual state license fee for practicing optometrists to \$2 instead of \$1.

CAPUDINE
LIQUID
QUICK RELIEF
NO ACETANILIDE
**EASES
HEADACHE**
Also, GRIPP and "FLU"—Try It
Trial Bottle 10c; also larger sizes

Wholesome Food Keeps the Children Well

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder is made from Cream of Tartar derived from grapes, a delicious, healthful fruit, and that is why it produces wholesome food, superior in texture and keeping quality.

Prudent mothers avoid cheap baking powders because they frequently contain alum, a mineral acid. No matter how much they are urged to change, they stick to

**DR. PRICE'S
CREAM
BAKING POWDER**

Contains No Alum—Leaves No Bitter Taste

STANFIELD'S GROCERY AND MARKET

We have just received a carload of—

**EAGLE BRAND
PURE CANE SUGAR**

Cane sugar is daily becoming more scarce, and the great consumption of sugar in canning will soon exhaust the supply. Cane sugar will probably rise to a much higher price than at present.

We have sugar in 10, 25 and 100-pound sacks.

**BUY NOW, WHILE YOU CAN
GET THE PURE STUFF**

See our display of Sunshine Crackers, Cakes and Wafers; also the famous Stone's Cakes.

OUR MEAT MARKET

—is still growing in popularity. New customers show up here daily and we serve them the best meats the market affords. We butcher our own meats when it is possible to obtain the class of cattle our trade demands; otherwise we buy the best the packers have. **Special for this week—**

PICNIC HAMS

A QUARTETTE OF SUPERIOR FLOURS

We sell Wapco, Red Star, Arrow Head and Leader, four brands of the best flour obtainable. Guaranteed to be as good as it was before the war. No substitutes are used in this flour.

Have a large shipment of DOMINO CANE SYRUP in gallons, halves and smaller sizes. Guaranteed to be the best cane syrup made.

Our Grocery Department for both Staple and Fancy Groceries is unexcelled in the State of Oklahoma. We guarantee satisfaction with everything we sell.

SPECIAL FOR THIS WEEK ONLY

4 Staples

100 Pounds Pure Cane Sugar
100 Pounds Red Star Flour
3 One-Pound Packages Red Seal Coffee
1 Eight-Pound Can White Cloud Lard

All for \$20

LAST, BUT NOT LEAST: OUR SERVICE. OUR SERVICE IS NOW SUPERB, BUT YOU CAN HELP US. WHEN OUR DELIVERY BOYS ARE LATE, LET US KNOW. IF ANYTHING SHOWS UP WRONG, TELL US ABOUT IT — AND TALK TO US AS IF YOU OWNED THIS STORE

Stanfield's Grocery and Market

THREE PHONES—CALL 402

CARLOAD OF FEEDSTUFF

We are unloading a car of Shorts and Bran. We also carry a full line of other feedstuffs.

CARLOAD OF SALT

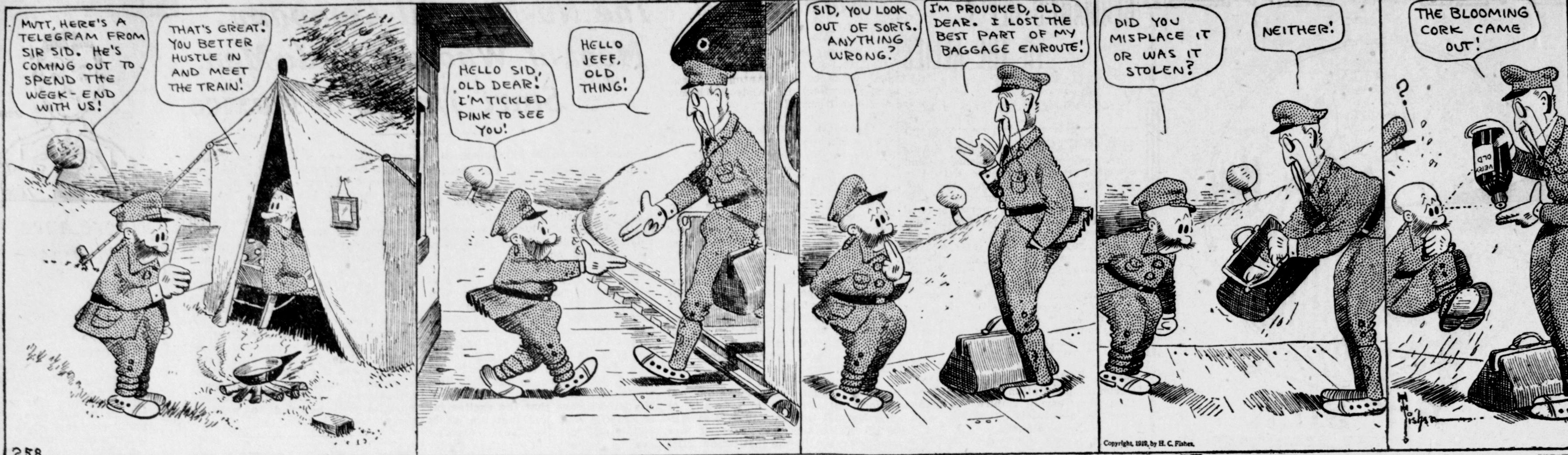
We have received a carload of salt; Medicated and Plain Stock Salt in 50-pound blocks. Also Barrel Salt.

FRUIT JARS

We have an abundant supply of Fruit Jars, Jar Tops and Rubbers.

Our Fruits and Vegetables are fresh daily. The great volume we have attained in this trade has enabled us to not only sell the best, but also to sell it at the lowest prices.

(By H. C. Fisher)

MUTT AND JEFF—With July First Coming, This is a Calamity.

Copyright 1919, by H. C. Fisher.

News Wants**News Wants****FOUND**

FOUND—On Hope Ave., between 11th and Main, crank for Ford car. Owner can get same at the News office by paying for this ad. 6-17-21

MISCELLANEOUS

WANTED—Clean cotton rags. News office.

FOR SALE OR TRADE—Piano, first class condition. Inquire at 400 East 10th. 6-18-21

FOR SALE OR TRADE—One Stude baker 7-passenger 1918 model. One Ford 5-passenger 1918 model. Service Garage. Phone 163. 6-17-21

WE MOVE HOUSES—Well equipped to move any kind and size of house. Satisfaction guaranteed.—Ad-Scarbrough & Matherly. Phone 684. 5-24-1mo

FOR RENT

FOR RENT—Five-room house and barn. Inquire 614 West Ninth street. 6-11-21

FOR RENT—Two light housekeeping rooms. Modern. 117 East Eighth. Phone 356. 6-13-21

FOR RENT—6 room house one block north of park, \$20.00 per month.—W. E. Scott, Snow White Barber shop. 6-17-21*

S. O. S.**FRIENDS AND PATRONS:**

The statements I have made show you that some of my troubles result from the demand of ice delivery in such small quantities, that the price we get does not pay for the service—you want your ice delivered by noon, which means that we must have enough delivery outfits to cover the entire city in the forenoon, thus doubling the quantity that would be needed if the deliveries were distributed throughout the day, and doubling the cost of service.

The Government Food Administration, after investigating these matters, recommended the elimination of number of wasteful methods in order to avoid the necessity of increasing the price of ice, especially to working people and small consumers. These recommendations will work to your benefit, and among them are these:

That ice be distributed upon coupons to all customers as nearly as possible.

That a large part of the small sales be made from local ice boxes, or at the wagon instead of attempting delivery into houses.

These rules enable them to maintain service, and give good values, and benefits the customer, and are based upon years of experience of the people in the industry.

Also, special deliveries to residences which cost always more than the amount realized from the sale are entirely discontinued except in case of sickness.

This is the help we ask of you now; namely, **BUY COUPONS**, and for minimum quantities of 25 pounds—as much more as you can afford.

Ada Ice & Cold Storage Co.**FOR SALE**

FOR SALE—Jersey milk cow, fresh. Robt. Wimbish. 6-16-31

FOR SALE—Modern house, 922 E. Main. Inquire Shelton Undertaking Co.

FOR SALE—Goodyear Tires and Tubes. Look 'em over.—Grant Irwin. 6-17-31

FOR SALE—Small 2-year-old fresh Jersey cow; just the type for town use. 301 East 13th. Call 194-J.

FOR SALE—Best lot on East side, facing Normal campus.—Frank Yeargarn. Phone 128. 6-14-1f

FOR SALE—Last year's alfalfa hay, No. 1 grade; weight 72 lbs. per bale.—Ada Ice and Cold Storage. 5-18-1f

FOR SALE—Several choice residence lots. Might exchange for close in residence property. Address Box 892. 6-11-1f

FOR SALE—Five room house, 310 West 16th. Small cash payment, balance like rent. See Mrs. C. D. Price, at Buck's. 6-17-31*

FOR SALE—One Ree Six, been used some, run less than 3,000 miles. One extra good Willys Six, been run less than 4,000 miles. See J. W. Davis. 6-11-1f

FOR SALE—Five room modern house, 2 1/2 blocks high school; possession July 1; very reasonable; might consider auto in deal. See Cleer at Commercial Hotel. 6-16-41

FOR SALE—All my purebred Silver Wyandotte chickens. This includes some of the best birds in the state. None better anywhere. —Reuben M. Riddle. 6-6-1f

FOR SALE—County blue print maps, oil lease blanks, departmental leases, commercial and departmental guardian leases.—Ada News. 5-27-1f

FOR SALE—Chalmers Six \$ 700

Buck 7 passenger 1250

Buck 5 passenger 550

Overland 5 passenger 450

Jack Rabbit 5 passenger 550

Hudson striped roadster 250

Guaranteed condition.—Grant Irwin. Phone No. 2. 6-17-31

FOR SALE—Six room modern residence, well located, on 17th Street; beautiful shade trees; on splendid site.

Two desirable residence lots on 15th and Townsend.

One lot, beautiful building site, on 17th street.

Two residence lots on East 9th street, close in. Attractive terms.

Ada Title & Trust Co.

Phone 73. 6-18-31

WANTED

WANTED—A lady cook at Commercial Hotel. Apply in person. 6-16-41.

WANTED—Your suit to clean and press for \$1.50.—Smathers Cleaning Works. Phone 437. 5-2-1f

WANTED—Girl to work for board while working or going to school. Apply at 123 South Hope. 6-3-1f

WANTED—Second hand clothing, shoes, hats. Pay highest prices. We call. Hometown Clothing Co. Phone 806. 5-4-1mo*

Learn From Mistakes.

If you make a mistake don't look back at it long. Take the reason of the thing into your own mind, and then look forward. Mistakes are lessons of wisdom.—Hugh White.

Our cut flowers were never better than they now are. Sweet Peas, Carnations, Dahlias and other flowers.—Ada Green House. 6-14-1f

Bring in that picture and let me frame it for you.—C. A. Cummins.

TERribly SWOLLEN

Suffering Described As Torture Relieved by Black-Draught.

Rossville, Ga.—Mrs. Kate Lee Able, of this place, writes: "My husband is an engineer, and once while lifting, he injured himself with a piece of heavy machinery, across the abdomen. He was so sore he could not bear to press on himself at all, on chest or abdomen. He weighed 165 lbs., and fell off until he weighed 110 lbs., in two weeks.

He became constipated and it looked like he would die. We had three different doctors, yet with all their medicine, his bowels failed to act. He would turn up a ten-cent bottle of castor oil, and drink it two or three days in succession. He did this yet without result. We became desperate, he suffered so. He was swollen terribly. He told me his suffering could only be described as torture.

I sent and bought Thedford's Black-Draught. I made him take a big dose, and when it began to act he fainted, he was in such misery, but he got relief and began to mend at once. He got well, and we both feel he owes his life to Thedford's Black-Draught."

Thedford's Black-Draught will help you to keep fit, ready for the day's work. Try it! NC-131

Utopia in Winnipeg.

There is a beautiful demonstration going on in Winnipeg, Canada, of essential Bolshevism. If a Winnipegian is allowed to eat, if he takes a drink of milk or water, if he doesn't go to bed in the dark, he enjoys the favor of the clemency and august permission of the strike committee. How long that clemency and permission will last he doesn't know. Even if it does last, the stopping of transportation at the best of the same gracious authorities may soon make him hungry and thirsty, and send him to bed to reflect upon the beauties of the new government that is taking charge of him.

Some 35,000 "workers" are now demonstrating their profession by not working. The stores are shut up. They can't get any more goods to sell. If newspapers were published, they couldn't print the news on tell the truth. The press censors of the strike committee, faithful to their Russian models, will not allow that.

As a mater of fact, no Winnipeg newspaper has appeared since Thursday of last week. The fire department has struck. If Winnipeg is not burned up it will not be the fault of its temporary masters. No trains, no mail, no telephone, or telegraph messages unless on matters of death and what is ironically called "the government." Where the government of Winnipeg is, and what it is doing, is clear. What the government of Winnipeg is, and the dominion government is doing, or intends to do is far from clear. Here are 35,000 persons with votes. One has to be careful, one has been careful, about interfering with their little diversions.

Still, this Bolshevik interim, this suspension of all lawful authority, cannot long continue. There are men of many races in Manitoba. A few years ago newspapers in forty-two languages were published in Winnipeg. For the moment in that city it seems that they have borrowed the beginnings of Leninism. Neither the patience nor the weakness of Petrograd is to be expected of Winnipeg.

A little object lesson of the sacred beauties of the soviet, Winnipeg has been treating herself to. A community educated in orderly, representative self-government may permit itself a brief folly, may give its sense of humor a little outburst, but the show will soon weary. The old instincts and the old habits will reassert themselves. To be starved for a foreign theory is not a sacrifice that men brought up to govern themselves, and not to be governed by extraneous, exotic, self-appointed committees, will make for more than a few days. The courage and the public spirit of the community will reassert themselves.

The dawdlers and the trimmers in high places will reap the harvest of public contempt that they have been sowing.—New York Times.

FOLKS WE ALL KNOW**Food Prices****May Decline**

WASHINGTON, June 18. The high cost of living may receive a hard wallop on or about June 30. Herbert Hoover, international food administrator, has announced that on that date the food administration will send its last cargo of foodstuffs to Europe for distribution over there.

This development ought to create a surplus in this country which would force down food prices, but whether it will operate in this way is another question.

Protests General.

"What about the cost of living?" is a question that turns up in nearly every batch of mail received by members of congress these days. Many of the inquiries out over the country ask why it is that the level of prices reached during the war is still maintained and in many instances raised. The note running through all the letters of inquiry is that the people are willing to accept the burden which unprecedented high prices imposed on them during the war, but now that the war is over they have a right to expect some relief.

It would be difficult to convince most consumers that prices of most everything that enters into the cost of living are not maintained through organizations more powerful than the law of supply and demand. Co-incident with the announcement by Mr. Hoover that the final steps of the program for relief in Europe have been reached, is the statement from the department of agriculture that the farmers of America will soon be harvesting an enormous crop of 1,300 million bushels of wheat, with oats, rye, corn and potatoes in proportion. There is no lack anywhere. There is plenty and much to spare, and yet prices continue to rise skyward.

The lake yards were going at top speed when the armistice was signed in November. It was during this month that a record was established by completion of 28 ships. Between the signing of the armistice and the opening of navigation approximately 400,000 deadweight tons of shipping was produced in the lake district.

The first of a fleet of 40 oil burning freighters being built in the Detroit district will soon be on the way to the Atlantic coast. They will be of the same tonnage as the coal burning carriers built for the United States shipping board.

The packers say they have been compelled to put up the price on these products because they are required to pay the farmers more for hogs. The farmer disclaims all responsibility, though he gladly accepts the better price for his hogs.

As for the consumer, he never yet has been able to locate the blame.

There is a good deal of agitation in favor of a congressional investigation of the whole subject of the high cost of living, in order to locate definitely the blame for the robber prices that are being charged.

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Lodges

Professional

I. O. O. F.

Ada Lodge No. 146, I. O. O. F. Regular meeting every Thursday night.

R. T. SNEED, N. G. H. C. EVANS, Secretary.

A. F. & A. M.

Regular meeting of Ada Lodge No. 119, Monday night on or before the full moon in each month.

MILES GRIGSBY, W. M. F. C. SIMS, Secretary.

R. A. M.

Ada Chapter No. 26, Royal Arch Masons, meets the second Tuesday night in each month.

D. W. SWAFFAR, H. P. F. C. SIMS, Secretary.

K. T. M.

Ada Commandery No. 16 Knights Templar Masons meets the third Friday of each month.

C. G. BRADFORD, E. C. F. C. SIMS, Recorder.

W. O. W.

Ada Camp No. 563 meets every Tuesday night, 1. O. O. F. Hall, 7:30 o'clock.

HUGH BENNETT, C. C. C. E. CUNNING, Clerk.



No end of the most clever patterns in stripes and solid colors ever shown. Such wonderous materials as Crepe de Chines, Jersey, Broadcloth, Pussy Willow. This is the best showing in Ada.

\$5 to \$12

Straw Hats \$2 to \$10

THE Model CLOTHIERS
QUALITY SHOP

ADA'S FINEST CLOTHING STORE

Bosnia Is Destitute; A Plague of Lice Now Overruns the Country

By the Associated Press

SPALATO, Bosnia, May 5.—(By Mail)—Fifteen per cent of the population in Bosnia is absolutely destitute. Typhus is on the increase both in Bosnia and Herzegovina. Although only 800 cases of typhus are officially reported the American medical authorities believe that there are more than 3,000. Great difficulty is experienced by the authorities in inspecting Mohammedan homes where three-quarters of the cases are believed to be concealed.

Mohamedan women refuse to be treated by male doctors no matter how serious their illness. Many of the Christian natives think it unmanly to have the attention of a doctor or nurse.

"We are not afraid to die," the hardy mountaineers assert when medical aid is offered them. "Why all this fuss? Disease is a curse from God but if He sees fit to send it to us we must die like men."

The Bosnian government, however, has closed all moving picture houses, dance halls and places of public congregation and is attempting to introduce a plan whereby a medical certificate will be required of every traveler on the railways.

A veritable plague of lice overruns the country. They are to be found everywhere carrying with them the germs of typhus. One of the greatest needs of the natives is soap of which there is none to be had. Typhus is following the lines of communication, especially the railways. American Red Cross personnel, members of the Hoover Food Mission and American naval officers avoid the railways as

cars are infested with typhus lice. The American Red Cross is making preparations to aid 22 civilian hospitals in Bosnia and Herzegovina and six military hospitals which have been converted into civilian hospitals. Four small hospitals where typhus cases are being treated by American Red Cross doctors and nurses have been established and aid also is on the way to five military hospitals in Dalmatia at Cattaro, Spalato, Sinj, Meljino and Ragusa. Members of the Hoover Food mission at Ragusa and of the American navy at Zelanika have been aiding the American Red Cross restore Bosnia and Herzegovina.

Treaty of Brest-Litovsk. Says this pact was renounced in the armistice.

Reparations to Russia. Cannot recognize any right on Russia's part to demand restitution and reparation.

Egypt. Germany is called upon to violate the Egyptian right to self-determination by recognizing the British protectorate.

Shipping. She refuses to surrender her whole merchant fleet and will not give up more than 10 per cent of her river tonnage.

Kiel Canal. Germany refuses the abrogation of treaties with countries not at war with her, such as Peru, Bolivia, Ecuador and Uruguay, saying diplomatic rupture did not affect such treaties.

Heligoland. Germany accepts the dismantling of this "gibraltar of the north sea" but insists on the right to take protective measures for its population.

HERE IS SOMETHING WE SHOULD GO AFTER

The News is in receipt of a letter from Congressman Tom D. McKeown which is self explanatory, but which should be taken advantage of in some manner by our business men. The letter follows:

AS IT WAS TO BE. Wedding at — P. M., Katy train North at Four. (Unless Fleet Cooper and his entire force took possession of bridegroom and had a grand time in a wonderful parade which was planned.)

AS IT WAS. All on the quiet, too! Wedding at 10:45 A. M. Quick run for waiting car with kind-hearted and thoughtful driver, a rush for another town and another train bore the happy couple away on the first lap of their honeymoon.

The bride and groom in question are Mr. Chas. T. Bates of the Ada Music Company, and his bride was Miss Docta Griffin of 320 E. 12th St. Both have a host of friends here who wish them happiness in their wedded life.

VAUDA BLACK IS BACK FROM WAR. Vauda E. Black, of Centralia, is back from the army. He arrived home Friday, having landed in New York June 2nd. Mr. Black was with the famous 36th Division and for twelve months was on the front in France. He was enlisted with Company A, 144th Infantry. Mr. Black says that he had many wonderful experiences and enjoyed the service very much, but that he is glad to be back among his friends and old acquaintances.



Good toilet articles mean better health. We have them—finest quality tooth-paste, talcum powder, etc. Also

ScotTissue soft, absorbent, economical. It goes further. Don't ask for "toilet paper"—Ask for ScotTissue."

GWIN & MAYS DRUG CO.

GERMANY'S REPLY TO THE ALLIES

(Continued From Page 1.)

all." It is added that "Upper Silesia owes everything to Germany and Germany cannot dispense with Upper Silesia, while Poland does not really need it." Germany is prepared to cede such parts as are truly Polish. In all territories east and west, where cession is demanded, she says it must be preceded by a plebiscite with universal suffrage administered under fair conditions administered by neutral powers after evacuation of foreign troops.

West Prussia.

Germany is ready to cede to Poland such West Prussian territories as are indisputably Polish.

East Prussia.

Germany cannot consent to the severance of East Prussia, with a German population of 1,500,000 from the German empire. A bridge must be absolutely prepared.

Danzig.

This purely German town must remain within the German empire. Germany refuses to make it a free city, but is willing to make it and Koenigsberg free ports to give Poland access to the sea.

Alsace-Lorraine.

The population alone should decide whether it wants to belong to France or Germany or wants to be an independent state. "If France is to take over the results of Germany's effort she must equally take over a proportionate share in the German debt."

Germany-Austria.

Germany cannot pledge herself to oppose a possible desire of Germany-Austria to be united with her.

Colonies.

The treaty clauses are called "unjust." Germany claims she has "a natural claim to colonies from her culture and undeniable colonial accomplishments. She proposes an impartial hearing of the whole colonial question before a special committee. She is willing to administer her colonies, under the league principles if she is at once made a member with equal privileges.

Russia.

It conflicts with a peace of right and justice to demand from Germany to recognize beforehand any treaties which her present enemies may make with the states which were formerly part of the Russian empire.

"Germany," says the reply, "has expressly accepted President Wilson's fourteen points and nothing else." By eliminating Germany from the world's trade, it is asserted, her enemies "might get rid of a troublesome competitor but the world, already impoverished by the war, would become infinitely poorer." She promises in her counter proposals to set an example in disarming offering to give up all naval and military weapons to the minimum point required for police work in maintaining law and order internally.

Kiao Chow.

She renounces her rights and privileges regarding Kiao Chow and Shantung, with certain stipulations as to compensation.

Treaty of Brest-Litovsk.

Says this pact was renounced in the armistice.

Reparations to Russia.

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Shipping.

She refuses to surrender her whole merchant fleet and will not give up more than 10 per cent of her river tonnage.

Kiel Canal.

Proposal of an international commission acceptable to Germany only if other straits are similarly treated.

Treaties.

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Normal Notes

(Continued from Page One.)

Dr. Meek of San Antonio, Texas, and next week Dr. Andrew Thomas Smith will speak.

The Campfire Girls announce that they will serve ice cream and sandwiches at the Normal Thursday.

The different counties making up the East Central District have perfected organizations at the Normal and are beginning to manifest county spirit. Those states and counties not in the district also have an organization, known as "57 Varieties." This organization is headed by Miss Geneva Gordon, and at chapel this morning the members marched into the hall with streaming banners and appropriate yell and singing "The Gang's All Here," or words to that effect. They brought much applause from the congregation.

Those who might have been leary about the prospects of the Nu-Mex Oil Company's operations in New Mexico have had all doubts removed, according to the officials of the company which is composed chiefly of Ada citizens, and who have secured enormous lease holdings near Portales, New Mexico.

Harry Gutches, one of the promoters, who has been in the New Mexico field for several days has sent back glowing reports of the conditions and prospects there, but to further satisfy themselves the Ada men interested in the company sent Mr. J. W. Brown to the field last week and he has just returned. Mr. Brown says that the excitement is running high and that the leases and stock of the local company can be disposed of in short order and that there is nothing in the world that can prevent members of the company from making big returns on their investments. The company has about 25,000 acres under lease.

We are in receipt, also, of a copy of the Portales Valley News, of June 12th, in which is a somewhat comprehensive report of the operations of this company. The article from the Portales paper follows:

"Oil matters may be said to have started in earnest in Portales, Chas. Hagerling of Oklahoma City, who is accompanied by his newly wedded wife, together with H. B. Gutches of Ada, Okla., came to the city this morning and immediately began to show the pep that means big things for Roosevelt County. Hagerling is one of the best known publicity men in the entire country, having been connected with some of the largest civic organizations of New York and Pittsburgh. His wide experience in attracting public interest and capital will result in putting Portales oil field before the entire country. He has been financial representative of one of Oklahoma's large Trust companies and was attracted to New Mexico by the glowing reports made to him by oil operators in the Mid-continent field. Mr. Hagerling states that he is convinced from a study of conditions that New Mexico will duplicate the history of Oklahoma and Texas.

"The rig is on the way and will be set up by three experienced builders from Okmulgee, Okla. The casing has been ordered from Tulsa and one of the most responsible of Oklahoma's drillers will have charge of all important operations of drilling and equipping the well.

"Work will be rushed day and night until completion.

"It is altogether probable that

The Nu-Mex Oil Company, Most of Whom are Ada Men, Start Things in Mexico

more than one well will be drilled by the Nu-Mex Company. Their extensive holdings will permit several undertakings to be carried on at the same time. The men behind the company are successful business and professional men from a state that has become a financial power through its oil wells and these men are not afraid to back their judgment with their money.

Some of them have made their fortunes from oil production and royalties. Most of them have made arrangements to spend the Summer at Portales with many of their friends while the drilling is going on. They are the type of men whose association with an enterprise brings credit to the community and Portales will be glad to welcome them."

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At the Ada Playhouses

American.

Starting at ten o'clock this morning the American Theatre of this city, will show "The Shepherd of the Hills" continuously today, tonight, tomorrow and tomorrow night. The show will start on the even hour and run continuously until the closing hour at night. This picture is from Harold Bell Wright's famous novel filmed among the scenic wonders of the Ozarks. Don't miss this great picture, as it may not come this way again soon.

Liberty.

At the Liberty Theatre, "A Romance of Happy Valley," directed by D. W. Griffith. Runs today and tomorrow. A great production.

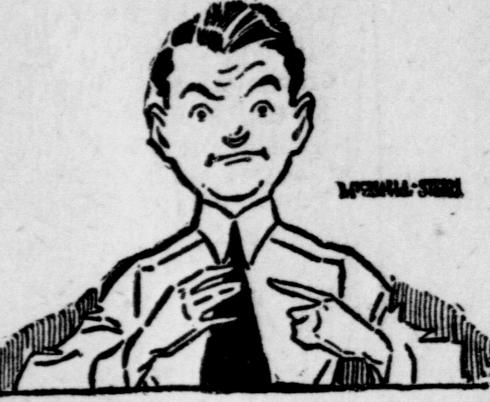
Come to Band Practice.

All old members, and all others musically capable or musically inclined, are requested to meet at the court house tonight at eight o'clock for organization and practice.

No city in the country, the size of Ada is without an band and should not be—and it is all important that every one in position to do so should lend the band movement their hearty support.

Come out to this meeting if you are interested in having a good band in Ada.

TONIGHT at 8:30 all the church people of the city meet in a Community Prayer Meeting at the First Baptist church.



Where have the Scarf Pins Gone?

Five years they were the rage. Today they are rococo.

We asked a Jewelry salesman his reason for this sudden decline. He said he thought it was because the recent clothing styles were so attractive that a young man didn't need to put on a pin to look smart and prosperous.

Good thought; the Waist Seam Suits by MICHAELSONS-STERN DONT need glitter or gold to make them good looking.

Waist Seams, \$25 to \$40—
Palm Beaches—
Mohairs—
Tropicals—

Drummond & Alderson
THE MAN'S STORE

FRED FORD PUSHING
THE NEW ESSEX CAR

Fred Ford, popular mechanic and garage man and agent for Essex and Hudson cars, has just sold a new Essex to Mrs. J. M. Winterbottom of this city.

No sooner was the sale made than Mr. Ford left for Oklahoma City for a new car, which he drove through to Ada yesterday.

The Essex is a beautiful little machine and one that is especially adapted to this locality. Mr. Ford predicts a great run on the Essex this summer and he states that he is in position to make immediate deliveries.

"The Francis Chautauqua program promises to be extra good this year. Be sure to attend, June 23, 24 and 25." 6-18-71

Fine weather for corn--Cotton and Dixie Weaves

THE farmers like to see this hot weather and you won't mind it if you'll wear Dixie Weaves.